

Worksheet 2

January 28, 2008

1. Consider the curve

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t, t^2, t^3 \rangle.$$

How would you compute the unit tangent \mathbf{T} , the unit normal \mathbf{N} , the binormal \mathbf{B} , the curvature κ , and the torsion τ “by the book”? Do not carry out the computation, just describe what you would do.

2. What is $\mathbf{T} \times \mathbf{N}$? $\mathbf{N} \times \mathbf{B}$? $\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{T}$?
3. If $\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{r}'$ is the velocity and $\mathbf{a} = \mathbf{r}''$ is the acceleration, what can you say about $\mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{a}$?
4. Based on your answers to problems 2 and 3, describe a better method for computing \mathbf{N} and \mathbf{B} than what you described in problem 1.
5. Carry out the computation from problem 1 using the method you just described. Why is your new method better?
6. Recall that

$$\frac{d\mathbf{T}}{ds} = \kappa\mathbf{N} \quad \frac{d\mathbf{B}}{ds} = \tau\mathbf{N}.$$

(These may be taken as the definition of κ and τ , although they are not the best for computation.) You might expect that

$$\frac{d\mathbf{N}}{ds}$$

would give some new and interesting information. Using problem 2, show that this is not the case.