

Let Y be an affine algebraic variety of $\dim r$ in A^n .
 Let H be a hyperplane in A^n , and assume $Y \not\subseteq H$.
 Then (show) every irred. comp. of $Y \cap H$ has $\dim r-1$.

Let $Y \cap H = X_1 \cup \dots \cup X_m$ irredundant irreducible decomps,
 and $H = Z(f)$. (f an irred. poly in $k[x_1, \dots, x_n]$).

Then for $\phi: A \xrightarrow{\text{canonical}} AC(X) = A/I(Y)$,
 $\phi(f) \neq 0$ since then $f \in I(Y) = \ker \phi$,
 $H = Z(f) \supseteq Y$, which

is contrary to our assumption.

Note $\phi(f)$ is still a polynomial, but in $AC(X)$.

Looking in $AC(X)$, $I(X_i)$ is a prime ideal, ($\forall i$)
 and since $X_i \subseteq Y \cap H \subseteq H = Z(f)$,
 we have $I(X_i) \supseteq \langle \phi(f) \rangle$.

Take any ideal $\tilde{I} \supseteq \langle \phi(f) \rangle$, $\tilde{I} \not\subseteq I(X_i)$.

Then $Z(\tilde{I}) \not\supseteq X_i$.

Hence $\bigcup_{i=1}^m (Z(\tilde{I}) \cap X_i)$ is an irred. decomp. of $Z(\tilde{I})$.
 (disjoint union)

This decomp. is nontrivial since $Z(\tilde{I}) \cap X_i = X_i \subsetneq Z(\tilde{I})$.

Hence $Z(\tilde{I})$ is not irred, i.e. \tilde{I} is not prime.

Hence $I(X_i)$ is the minimal prime above $\langle \phi(f) \rangle$,
 so by Krull's Hauptidealsatz (Thm 1.11A), $\text{ht } I(X_i) = 1$.

Hence $\dim X_i = \dim AC(X) - \text{ht } I(X_i) = \dim AC(X) - 1 = r - 1$.

□.