

Problem 1 (5 points): Compute

$$\oint_C \vec{\nabla}(x^2y^2) \cdot \vec{T} \, ds$$

where C is the counter clockwise traversed boundary of the region R defined by $x^2 + y^2 < 16$.

Solution: Since the vector field is the gradient of a function $f(x, y) = x^2y^2$ and the curve C is a closed curve, we have the line integral is zero.

Problem 2 (5 points): Apply Green's Theorem to evaluate

$$\oint_C (3y \, dx + 2x \, dy)$$

where C is the counter clockwise traversed boundary of the region $0 \leq x \leq \pi$, $0 \leq y \leq \sin x$.

Solution:

$$\begin{aligned} & \oint_C (3y \, dx + 2x \, dy) \\ &= \iint_R (2 - 3) \, dA \quad (\text{By Green's Theorem}) \\ &= - \iint_R \, dA \\ &= - \int_0^\pi \int_0^{\sin x} \, dy \, dx \\ &= - \int_0^\pi y \Big|_0^{\sin x} \, dx \\ &= - \int_0^\pi \sin x \, dx \\ &= \cos x \Big|_0^\pi \\ &= -2 \end{aligned}$$